



# Edmondsley Primary School Curriculum Map Year 1

Autumn		Spring		Summer			
		Week 13 – oa, oe Week 19 – words		Week 25 – ear, are Week 31 – compound			
	Week 2 –s, zz	e_e	Week 14 – o_e	ending in y as i	Week 26 – ve	words	
	Week 3 – ff, 11,	<b>Week 8</b> –ea (ε)	<b>Week 15</b> – ow, ew	Week 20 – u_e	Week 27 - or, ore	Week 32 – ing, ed to	
g	Week 4 – ng, nk	Week 9 – nk	<b>Week 16 -</b> ie, i_e	<b>Week 21</b> – ph, wh	Week 28 – aw, au	verbs, no change	
l i	<b>Week 5</b> – ai, ay <b>Week 6</b> – oi, oy	Week 10 -er	<b>Week 17</b> – a_e	<b>Week 22</b> – ai, ay, a_e	Week 29 – plurals s	Week 33 – er to	
Spelling	7, 2011 0 01, 0)	Week 11 – ur, ir	Week 18 – igh	(repeat). Week 23 – air	and es	verbs, no change	
Sp		Week 12 – oo (u)		Week 24 - ear	Week 30 – tch	Week 34 - est, er, to	
		and oo (/ʊ/)				adjectives, no change	
						Week 35 - prefix - un	
						Week 36 – k	
	Reads simple	le sentences	Reads simple se	entences with some	Reads aloud	books that are	
		ith the correct	fluency		consistent	with developing phonic	
	•	nown graphemes	,	dily with the correct	knowledge	1 31	
		nds aloud when	sound to known		_	peedily with the	
	attempting	to read new		knowledge to decode	correct sound to graphemes for all		
	words		words	J	40+ phonemes including alternative		
	Re-reads books to develop		Blends sounds	in unfamiliar words	sounds for graphemes		
	confidence	·	containing knov	vn GPC, when reading	Reads accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words		
	<ul> <li>Uses pictur</li> </ul>	e clues to help	Reads known Cl	EW			
	when readir	ng simple texts	<ul> <li>Begins to read</li> </ul>	words containing	containing 6	SPCs that have been	
	<ul> <li>Listens to s</li> </ul>	stories, poems and	known GPS and	-s,-es, -ing, -ed, -er	taught		
	non-fiction and makes links		and -est ending	gs	<ul> <li>Reads CEW with some fluency and begins to notice unusual correspondences between spelling</li> </ul>		
	to own experiences		<ul> <li>Reads words of</li> </ul>	f more than one			
	<ul> <li>Demonstrat</li> </ul>	tes understanding	syllable that contain known GPCs on				
		g with others	occasions		and sound a	nd where these occur	
		they have read	<ul> <li>Begins to read</li> </ul>	words with	in a word		
		stories, fairy	contractions			s containing known GPS	
		traditional tales	<ul> <li>Re-reads books</li> </ul>			-ing, -ed, -er and -est	
	through rol		confidence and		endings		
	· ·	iestions about	<ul> <li>Uses pictures t</li> </ul>			s of more than one	
	stories read		understand the		•	t contain known GPCs	
ng		features of books,		discusses poems,		s with contractions	
Reading	e.g. title			n-fiction, making links		ake account of	
ea	_	predictable		nces and offering		when reading	
œ	phrases		opinions about			se context clues to help	
		simple rhymes and	Talks about book		reading for		
		joins in with	_	information provided		ooks to develop	
	otners whe	n reciting them	by the teacher			fluency and expression	
				ries, fairy stories and	2.0.0.0.0	and discussed a mids	
				s orally in simple		ems, stories and non-	
			sentences	redictable phrases	be read ind	level beyond which can	
				simple inferences		they hear or read to	
			_	, objects, stories)	their own e		
			Talks about the			ries they have read,	
			unfamiliar word	_		discussed using	
				eciate simple rhymes	appropriate	_	
			and recites the			what is read to them,	
				nguish between fact		s and listening to	
			and fiction	<b>j</b>	_	resses opinions.	
				reading does not make		derstanding of what	
			sense		they have r		
				rstanding of what has	Talks about		
			been read, dra	_		tics of different types	
			knowledge or in		of stories	71	
			provided by the				
			, ,			There	



















				i ililiary Corico		
Grammar			I V V V C	Singular and Plurals Identifying questions Writing questions Writing simple sentences Correctly punctuated. Past tense	Identifying full sentences And as a conjunction Sequencing sentences	Simple adjectives for description Use of coordinating conjunctions (and, or, but) Sequencing sentences
Punctuation			d	Matching lower cases with apital letters Capital letters	Using exclamation marks Capital letters for proper nouns and I	Use of question marks Use of exclamation marks Capital letters Full stops Apostrophes for contractions
Vocabulary				refixes - un Adding s	Superlatives Prefixes - un Adding s	Superlatives Adding s and es Suffixes ing, ed, er Matching singular to plural forms
Writing Process	Sequences short narratives orally and pictorially Says out loud what is going to be written  Sequences short narratives orally and pictorially  Says out loud what is going to be written		<ul> <li>Begins to write short narratives based on their own or story experiences</li> <li>Includes a simple beginning, middle and end in writing</li> <li>Discusses what they have written with the teacher or other pupils</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Writes short narratives based on real and fictional experiences</li> <li>Uses a simple plan (e.g. storyboard, flowchart)</li> <li>Re-reads what has been written to check it makes sense</li> <li>Makes simple changes to writing where suggested</li> <li>Reads aloud own writing clearly enough to be heard by peers and the teacher</li> </ul>	
Genre	Stories with predicable phrasing Linked to my life, my world  Recounts Linked to my life, my world  Narrative; Take One Book – One week whole school focus	Poetry – rhyming couplets Linked to on the move  Labels, lists and captions Linked to on the move  Letters – The Jolly Christmas Postman Linked to on the move	Reports Linked to arctic adventures  Explanations Linked to arctic adventures  Poetry – vocabulary building Linked to arctic adventures	Traditional Australian legends Linked to kangaroos and digeridoos  Poetry – take one poet – famous Australian poets Linked to kangaroos and digeridoos	Traditional tales and characters Linked to famous folk  Fact files – Walt Disney and his characters Linked to famous folk	Poetry – vocabulary building Linked to what a wonderful world  Stories of own experiences – holidays away Linked to what a wonderful world  Instructions Linked to what a wonderful world



















		Eamonasiey Pr		rimary School		
	Number and	Number and	Number and place	Number and place	Number and place	Number and place
	place value	place value	value	value	value	value
	Mental addition and subtraction	Mental addition and subtraction	Mental addition and subtraction	Mental multiplication and division	Mental addition and subtraction	Mental multiplication and division
	Problem solving, reasoning and algebra	Problem solving, reasoning and	Problem solving, reasoning and algebra	Fractions, ratio and proportion  Mental addition and	Problem solving, reasoning and algebra	Problem solving, reasoning and algebra
Maths	Mental multiplication and division	algebra  Geometry: position and	Mental multiplication and division	subtraction  Problem solving, reasoning and	Measurement Statistics	Fractions, ratio and proportion
	Geometry: properties of	direction	Geometry: properties of	algebra	Mental multiplication and	Measurement
	shapes	Measurement	shapes	Measurement	division	Statistics
	Statistics	Mental multiplication and division	Statistics  Measurement		Fractions, ratio and proportion	Geometry: properties of shapes
						Mental addition and subtraction
Computing	Know that computers need precise instructions     Know that computers have no intelligence and that computers can do nothing unless a program is run.	Programmin g Shape  Show care & precision to avoid errors  Know that users can write their own programs.  Create a simple program.  Run, check and change programs.	System Operators  Now that computers need precise instructions.  Know that computers have no intelligence and that computers can do nothing unless a program is run.	<ul> <li>Virtual Trucking</li> <li>Know that all software executed on digital devices is programmed.</li> <li>Know that computers need precise instructions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Find content from the world wide web using a web browser</li> <li>Know that people interact with computers</li> </ul>	Simulators and Me  • Understand that people interact with computers.  • Know that digital content can be represented in many forms





















#### Healthy Eating The Human Identify and **Animals Plants** Comparing Body, Ourselves investigate Materials · Identify and Understand the Identify and Identify, name, materials draw and label the importance of name a variety of Describe the name a variety basic parts of the personal hygiene common wild and Distinguish of common simple physical human body and animals including Prepare healthy garden plants, properties of a between an say which part of meals (fruitfish, amphibians, including object and the variety of the body is reptiles, birds linked to D/T) deciduous and material from everyday associated with Explore the evergreen trees and mammals materials which it is each sense made Identify and importance and Identify and Compare and Understand that effects of describe the name a variety people change as Identify and group together a they get older but basic structure of common exercise variety of name a variety often retain Understand the of a variety of animals that are everyday of everyday recognisable Science carnivores, importance of common flowering materials based materials, features. herbivores and washing and plants, including on their simple including wood, Recognise the ways omnivores brushing teeth trees. physical plastic, glass, people change over Describe and properties. metal, water, time,use key scientific words to compare the and rock discuss these. structure of a Observe variety of photographs, common animals identify changes (fish. and use these to amphibians, suggest answers to reptiles, birds questions. and mammals, Recognise & use the vocabulary: including pets) compare, describe, similar, different, baby, adult, changes, growing. New Beginnings Relationships Going for goals Good to be me Getting on and Changes I know that I I can tell when I • I can tell you I can tell you some I know that we are falling out belona to feel loved and about my gifts To be able to give things about me that all good at cared for. Edmonsley Primary and talents. and receive have changed and different things. I understand I can tell you School. compliments some things that will I can tell you what I • I can help to make that if someone things I am proud To think of lots of never change. want to improve and my class a good leaves me they ways to give I understand that set a realistic goal. I can use words to place to learn. still love me 'Friendship change can sometimes I can tell you what I describe when I I can join in with Tokens'. be exciting and have to do to achieve other children I can tell you am worried. To think of lots of sometimes scary. my goal. playing a game. how it feels I know what ways to give • I can tell you what I can work towards • I can tell you how I when things are makes me feel 'Friendship Tokens'. changes make others PSHCE my goal without relaxed and what am the same as and unfair. in my class feel To understand how being distracted. different from my I can tell if makes me feel excited or scared. to be a good friend. I can choose • I know some ways to friends. other people are worried. To understand that between my ideas calm down when I feel I know some ways sad or upset. I can tell when it sharing is I and give reasons. to calm myself is right to stand scared or important in I can choose up for myself. down when I feel I know how to uncomfortable with friendship between my ideas scared or upset. feel sorry and I can choose the change and give reasons. how to forgive. hest ways to • I can tell you about a behave towards plan I have made to I can tell who is people. change something important in my about my behaviour. life. • I can tell you what I

















am looking forward to

in Year 2.





Edmondsley Primary School						
OVERARCHING TOPIC	My life, my world	On the Move	Arctic Adventures	Kangaroos and Digeridoos	Famous folk	What a Wonderful World
Writing across the curriculum	Geography - Explanation - Write a description of my house. History - Create a fact file about a grandparent/older relative.	History - Compare transport in the past to transport now.  Geography - Write instructions of a local recipe.	RE - Retell the story of Noah. Geography - Write a diary pretending that you are Shakleton/Scott.	DT - Explain your patterns and colours you used for you boomerang and how people could use it.  Geography - Compare and contrast Australia and England.	Geography - List the places a famous explorer visited.  History - Create a fact file about a famous person.	Geography - Describe how the seasons are different and similar.  DT - Write instructions on how to create a bridge.
History	To ask and answer the question 'Who was here before me?'  To ask and answer the question 'Who/ what made my corner of the world special long ago?'  Develop the use a wide vocabulary of historical terms, such as: a long time ago, recently, when my were younger, years, decades, centuries	Develop, then demonstrate an awareness of the past, using common words and phrases relating to the passing of time  Discuss change and continuity in an aspect of life,  Recognise what happened as a result of people's actions or events	Begin to use dates  Ask and begin to answer questions about events e.g.  When? What happened? What was it like? Why? Who was involved?  Recognise why people did things	Understand some ways we find out about the past e.g. using artefacts, pictures, stories and websites  Identify different ways that the past is represented, e.g. fictional accounts, illustrations, films, song, museum displays	Discuss and explore events beyond living memory that are significant nationally and globally  Investigate the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements  Communicate understanding of the past in a variety of ways	Choose and use parts of stories and other sources to show understanding of events Recognise why some events happened
Geography	Use world maps to identify the UK in its position in the world  Use a simple picture map to move around the school  Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment	Use maps to locate the four countries and capital cities of UK and its surrounding seas  Draw basic maps, including appropriate symbols and pictures to represent places or features  Use photographs and maps to identify features	Use directional language such as near and far, up and down, left and right, forwards and backwards  Use relative vocabulary such as bigger, smaller, like, dislike  Identify and discuss seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of cold areas	Identify key human features, inc. city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour, shop  Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the UK, and a contrasting non-European country	Identify and discuss key human features, inc. city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour, shop	Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot areas of the world in relation to the Equator.  Identify and discuss key physical features, including: beach, cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and weather



















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	Photoframes Design purposeful, functional, appealing	Explore and evaluate a range of existing	Select from a range of tools and equipment	Generate own ideas for design by drawing	State the purpose of the design and the	<u>Bridges</u> Talk about their
Design and Technology	products for themselves and other users based on design criteria  Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing  Assemble, join and combine materials and components  Use simple fixing materials e.g. temporary - paper clips tape and permanent - glue, staples  Use a range of	Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria  Use appropriate equipment to weigh and measure ingredients  Prepare simple dishes safely and hygienically, without using a heat sources  Name and sort foods into the five groups of the 'eat well' plate  Know where food comes from  Begin to collect ideas	explaining their choices  Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g. cutting, shaping, joining and finishing]  Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristic	on own experiences or from reading  Use finishing techniques, including those from art and design  Investigate - what products are, who they are for, how they are made and what materials are used	Measure, mark out, cut out and shape materials and components  Begin to collect ideas in	design ideas and what they are making  Make simple judgements about their products and ideas against design criteria  Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable  Explore and use mechanisms [e.g. levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products  Use drawing, painting
Art and Design	materials creatively to design and make products  Develop controlled printing against outline /within cut out shapes  Develop understanding of 2D and 3D in terms of artwork	in sketchbooks  Work with different materials  Develop collages, based on a simple drawing, using papers and materials	in sketchbooks  Create washes to form backgrounds  Recognise warm and cold colours  Weave with wool	Make marks using paint with a variety of tools  Recognise and name primary and secondary colours  Mix primary colours to make secondary colours	sketchbooks  Look at sculptures by known artists and natural objects as starting points for own work  Begin to form own 3D pieces in sculpture	and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination Work from observation and known objects Begin to control lines to create simple drawings from observations Investigate a range of different materials and experiment with how they can be connected together to form simple structures
RE	What is harvest? Discussion of traditions, celebrations and festivals	How and why do Christians care for each other?  Is giving or receiving more important at Christmas?	Who was Noah and what does his story teach us?	What does it mean to belong to Christianity? What is Easter and why is it important to Christians?	How do Jewish people express their beliefs and practices?	What is the Torah and why is it important to Jewish people?





















#### **Gymnastics**

Perform gymnastic sequence with a balance, a travelling action, a jump and a roll

Teach sequence to a partner and perform together

Explore the 5 basic shanes: straight/tucked/st ar/straddle/pike

Balance in these shapes on large body parts: back, front, side, bottom

Games (partner and small group) Practise different skills associated with simple games (e.g. co-ordinating throwing and catching)

Physical Education

Work co-operatively in teams

#### **Gymnastics**

Explore balance on front and back so that extended arms and legs are held off the floor (arch and dish shapes respectively)

Develop balance by showing good tension in the core and tension and extension in the arms and leas. hands and feet

Develop balance on front and back so that extended arms and legs are held off the floor (arch and dish shapes respectively

#### Dance

Develop control of movement using: Actions (WHAT) travel, stretch, twist, turn, jump Space (WHERE) forwards, backwards, sideways, high, low, safely showing an awareness of others Relationships (WHO) on own and with a partner by teaching each other 2 movements to create a dance with 4 actions Dynamics (HOW) slowly, quickly, with appropriate expression

#### Games (inventing aames)

Practise different skills associated with simple games (e.g. coordinating throwing and catching)

Work co-operatively in teams

#### Dance

Copy some moves Develop control of movement using: Actions (WHAT) travel, stretch, twist, turn, jump Space (WHERE) forwards, backwards, sideways, high, low, safely showing an awareness of others Relationships (WHO) on own and with a partner by teaching each other 2 movements to create a dance with 4 actions Dynamics (HOW) slowly, quickly, with appropriate expression

#### Games

Practise different skills associated with simple games (e.g. coordinating throwing and catching)

Work co-operatively in teams

#### **Gymnastics**

Begin to travel on hands and feet (hands flat on floor and fully extend arms)

Monkey walk (bent legs and extended arms)

Caterpillar walk (hips raised so legs as well as arms can be fully extended.

Keep hands still while walking feet towards hands, keep feet still while walking hands away from feet until in front support position)

Bunny hop (transfer weight to hands)

### Outdoor adventure activities

Identify positions on simple maps and diagrams of familiar environments e.g. in relation to position of desk in plan of classroom

Use simple maps and diagrams to follow a trail

Begin to work cooperatively with others Plan and share ideas

#### Dance

Move spontaneously showing some control co-ordination Move with confidence when walking, hopping, jumping, landing Move with rhythm in the above actions Demonstrate good Move in time with music Co-ordinate arm and leg actions (e.g. march and clap) Interact with a partner (e.g. holding hands, swapping places,

#### Games (large group games)

Practise different skills associated with simple games (e.g. coordinating throwing and catching)

Work co-operatively in teams

#### Athletics

Throw into targets Perform a range of throwing actions e.g. rolling, underarm, overarm

Describe different ways of throwing Explain what is successful or how to improve

## Music

Play tuned and untuned instruments musically

Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music

Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes

Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music around the world

Play tuned and untuned instruments musically

Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music

Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes

Listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music around the world

Play tuned and untuned instruments musically

meeting and parting)

Experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter-related dimensions of music

Use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes

Play tuned and untuned instruments musically















